

END-TERM EXAMINATION

DECEMBER 2006

Exam Series code: 100468DEC06200513

Paper Code : MCA-309

Subject: Advance Computer Network

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Question 1. is compulsory and attempt four from Q.2 to Q.8 selecting one from each unit.

- Q. 1. Answer the following : (5 x 4 = 20)
- (a) What are the seven layers of the OSI Model?
 - (b) Which layer determines path selection in an internet work?
 - (c) What is one method mapping network addresses to MAC addressed?
 - (d) Which includes more overhead, connection-oriental or connectionless service?
 - (e) What is the purpose of exchanging beginning sequence during the connection in the TCP client server model?

UNIT - I

- Q. 2. (a) Explain the format of 802.3 MAC frame? (6)
(b) Explain leaky bucket algorithm. (4)
- Q. 3. (a) What are some of the problems associated with operating a switched LAN? (6)
(b) What sort of cabling is suitable for fast Ethernet protocols? Write their data rates. (4)

UNIT - II

- Q. 4. (a) Briefly explain the error message in ICMP. (6)
(b) Write the difference between IPV4 and IPV6. (4)
- Q. 5. (a) Explain the working of RARP. (4)
(b) Write the commands for configuring the router for giving address to various interfaces. Give commands for establishing connection between two networks & communicating between them using some protocol. Save the configuration. Write commands for seeing other commands. How will you give password to a router? (6)

UNIT - III

- Q. 6. (a) What is the difference between TCP and UDP? (4)
- (b) What is the difference between a Hub, switch and router? (6)
- Q. 7. Explain the TCP segment format in details. (10)

UNIT - IV

- Q. 8. (a) Discuss Firewall in detail? (6)
- (b) Explain the photocod pretty good policy (PGP). (4)
- Q. 9. Write notes on following:- (2.5 x 4 = 10)
- (i) DNS
 - (ii) RMON
 - (iii) WWW
 - (iv) SNMP

END-TERM EXAMINATION

Fifth Semester [MCA] - DECEMBER 2005

Paper Code: MCA-303 **Subject: Advance Computer Networks**

Time: 3 Hours **(Batch – 2001, 2002 & 2003)** **Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: Q. 1 is compulsory and attempt any four from Q. 2 to Q. 8

- Q. 1. Answer the following: 12
- (a) What is the size of an ARP packet when the protocol is IP and hardware is Ethernet?
 - (b) Compare the TCP header and UDP header
 - (c) Compare IPV4 with IPV6
 - (d) Using the RSA algorithm, encrypt the message “BE” with key pairs (3,15) and (5, 15).
 - (e) Briefly explain the Router configuration.
 - (f) What are the conditions under which no ICMP error messages are generated?
- Q. 2. (a) Explain the TCP segment format in details. 9
- (b) Explain the various roles played by the Data Link Layer. 3
- Q. 3. (a) Explain the problems of two node instability in distance vector routing. Show ways to remove it. 4
- (b) A company is granted site address 193.116.5.0. The company needs nine subnets. Design the subnets. 3
- (c) Explain the types of BGP messages. Explain the various fields involved. 5
- Q. 4. (a) Explain fragmentation in IP using an example. 5
- (b) Explain the various query messages in ICMP. Also draw and explain the packet formats. 7
- Q. 5. (a) What are the various data link protocols? Explain HDLC protocol in detail. What are ways in which the S-frame could be used? 8
- (b) Write a note on RMON. 4
- Q. 6. (a) Draw and explain packet format of ARP. 3
- (b) Describe the various links in OSPF. 3

- (c) Explain congestion control in TCP. **6**
- Q. 7. (a) Explain the format of 802.3 MAC frame. **4**
- (b) Explain Network address translation. **4**
- (c) What is fragmentation offset? A packet has arrived with an M bit value of 1 is this the first fragment, the last fragment, or a middle fragment. **4**
- Q. 8. (a) Explain the application adaptation layer in ATM. **5**
- (b) Explain the difference between process to process communication and port-to-port communication. What are socket addresses and types of ports? Explain Querying in UDP. **7**
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(Please Write your Exam Roll No. immediately)

Roll No.

END-TERM EXAMINATION

Fifth Semester [MCA] - DECEMBER 2004

Paper Code: MCA-303 Subject: Advance Computer Networks/ Network Technologies

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt any five questions.

- Q. 1. (a) Discuss the header of the Internet Protocol (IP). Explain how fragmentation is done in IP with the help of an example. What is the need of fragmentations? **6**
- (b) What is meant by three way handshaking mechanism in TCP? How is three way handshaking mechanisms different from four-way handshaking? **6**
- Q. 2. (a) What are the various components of a CISCO Router? Explain them briefly. **4**
- (b) What is a Virtual Private Network (VPN)? Discuss. **4**
- (c) What do you mean by security at the transport layer? Explain the transport layer security (TLS). **4**
- Q. 3. (a) How is “Go-Back N ARQ” better than “Stop and Wait ARQ”. Justify with help of an example. **6**
- (b) How is the OSI Reference model different from the TCP/IP protocol suite? Explain with the help of clear diagrams. **6**
- Q. 4. (a) An organization is granted network address 201.70.64.0. The organization needs six subnets. Explain the following: **10**
- (i) What is the subnet mask?
 - (ii) How many hosts are created per subnet?
 - (iii) How many usable hosts and subnets are created?
 - (iv) Give the first two and the last two created subnets.
 - (v) How do you get a broadcast address for a subnet? Give example.
- (b) A small organization is given a block with the beginning address and the prefix length 205.16.37.24/29 (in slash notation). What is the range of the block? **2**
- Q. 5. (a) What is proxy ARP? Explain with the help of an example. **4**
- (b) Explain any two ICMP error messages. **2**
- (c) Draw the header of the UDP (User Datagram Protocol). **4**
- (d) What is socket address? What do you understand by ephemeral ports and well known ports? **2**
- Q. 6. (a) What are the problems associated with RIP? How can these problems be overcome. Explain with the help of example. **6**
- (b) Explain the DNS (Domain Name System) protocol in details. **6**

- Q. 7. (a) What are the two protocols used by SNMP for its management functions.
Explain both of them briefly. **6**
- (b) Describe the multipurpose Internet Mail Extension. **4**
- (c) What is Network address Translation? Explain with the help of an example. **2**
- Q. 8. Write short notes on any three of the following:- **12**
- (i) IPV6
 - (ii) HTTP
 - (iii) Datalink layer in the Internet
 - (iv) OSPF
 - (v) Congestion control mechanism
 - (vi) CIDR
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END-TERM EXAMINATION

Fifth Semester [MCA] - DECEMBER 2002

Paper Code: MCA-303 Subject: Advance Computer Networks/ Network Technologies

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt any six questions. Q. 1 is compulsory

- Q. 1. Describe the following in brief:- **2 x 10**
- (a) Gateway and Backbone
 - (b) CIDR
 - (c) RMON
 - (d) Security of a Network
 - (e) Proprietary and Non-Proprietary Protocols
 - (f) Encryption and Decryption
 - (g) RARP
 - (h) DNS
 - (i) POP
 - (j) CGI
- Q. 2. (a) Differentiate between Internet and Intranet. Also list various protocols applicable to different OSI layers. **4**
- (b) Describe Internet Address in detail. Describe classification of IP Addresses. Why do you need subnetting and how do you implement it. **4**
- Q. 3. (a) Differentiate between Unicast, Multicast and Broadcast. Also describe advantages of multicast over broadcast. **4**
- (b) Why do you need to compress data? Describe a few methods of data compression. **4**
- Q. 4. (a) List down all protocols applicable to Transport layer of a network. Also explain various services provided by these protocols. **4**
- (b) Describe important features of ATM communication technology. **4**
- Q. 5. (a) Describe in details the structure and functioning of an ATM network. **4**
- (b) Explain in detail Dijkstra algorithm for computation of a routing table. **4**
- Q. 6. (a) Differentiate between LAN, WAN and MAN. **3**
- (b) What is the need for PPP? Discuss its implementation and related protocols in detail. **5**
- Q. 7. (a) Describe the framework for managing devices in an Internet using the TCP/IP protocol suite. **4**
- (b) What do you understand by the term e-mail? List all applicable protocols and their distinguishing characteristics. **4**

Q. 8. (a) Write specific characteristics of Multicast application. Also list a few applications of multicast. **3**

(b) Discuss importance of Network Security issues. Also discuss three authentication algorithms. **5**

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Roll No.

END-TERM EXAMINATION

Fifth Semester [MCA] - DECEMBER 2001

Paper Code: MCA-303

Subject: Networks Technology

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Q. No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from the rest

- Q. 1. Attempt any ten:- **2 x 10**
- (a) Which of the OSI layers handles each of the following:
 - i. Braking the transmitted bit stream into frames
 - ii. Determining which route through the subnet to use.
 - (b) If a binary signal is sent over a 3 kHz channel whose signal to noise ratio is 20 dB, what is the maximum achievable data rate?
 - (c) How big is the LAN address space? The IPV4 address space? The IPV6 address space.
 - (d) ARP and RARP both map addresses from one space to another. In this respect they are similar. However their implementations are fundamentally different. In what major way do they differ?
 - (e) What are different classes of IP addresses?
 - (f) Why is subnetting done in a network? Does it have any effect on routing of packet? Explain.
 - (g) Give two example application for which connection oriented services is appropriate. Now give two examples for which connection-less service is best.
 - (h) Draw a diagram showing the layout of a TCP segment.
 - (i) Write the description of the following states used in TCP connection management.
 - (i) Last ACK
 - (ii) SYN RCVD
 - (j) Which protocol is used to fetch e-mail from mailbox?
 - (k) What is an important difference between a symmetric key system and a public key system?
- Q. 2. (a) List two ways in which the OSI reference model and the TCP/IP reference model are the same. Now list two ways in which they differ. **5**
- (b) What are the two reasons for using layered protocols? **2**
- (c) Why is the ARP query sent within a broadcast frame? Why is an ARP response sent within a frame with a specific destination LAN address? **3**
- Q. 3. (a) Compare and contrast IPV4 and IPV6 header fields. Do they have any fields in common? **4**
- (b) Compare and contrast link-state and distance vector routing algorithms. **6**
- Q. 4. (a) Replacing a multiplexer that uses time division multiplexing with one that uses Frequency Division Multiplexing can improve throughout. Explain why? **4**
- (b) Distinguish between:- **4**
- (i) Bridges and Routers

(ii) Transport Gateways and Application Gateways

(c) Name the services that operate in **2**

(i) Network layer

(ii) Physical layer

Q. 5. (a) What are three main aspects of network security? Briefly explain each of them. **6**

(b) When web pages are sent out they are prefixed by MIME headers. Why? **4**

Q. 6. Write short notes on any two of the following:- **10**

(i) Firewalls

(ii) Virtual Public Networks

(iii) DNS

(iv) SNMP
